Anterior-Segment OCT – assisted topographic corneal epithelial thickness distribution imaging of 252 keratoconus patients



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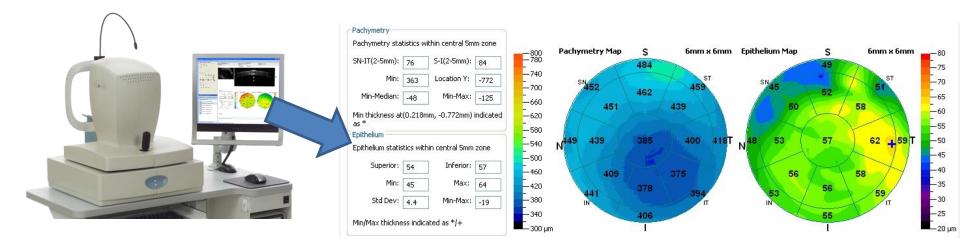


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Purpose

- To evaluate safety, efficacy and ease of measurement of epithelial thickness, and
 - To investigate patterns and descriptive statistics of epithelium distribution in keratoconic patients
 - to compare with Scheimpflug imaging keratoconus severity.



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New Entrant: Anterior-Segment OCT

Bowman's Membrane

OCT's high resolution allows more accurate boundary definition

5 µm axial resolution



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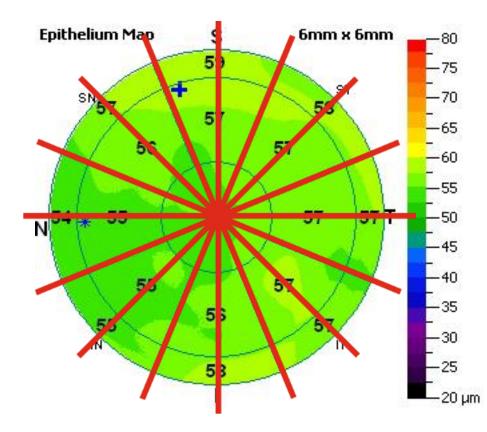


Epithelium



Epithelial 3-Dimensional mapping

Map produced by interpolation



Epithelial thickness statistics report

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Superior:	57	Inferior:	56
Min:	54	Max:	59
Std Dev:	1.3	Min-Max:	-5



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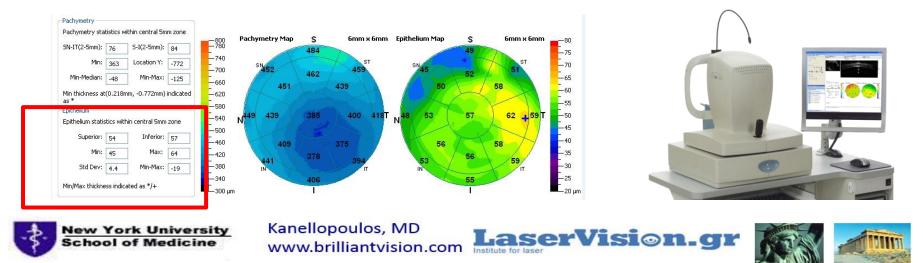


Methods

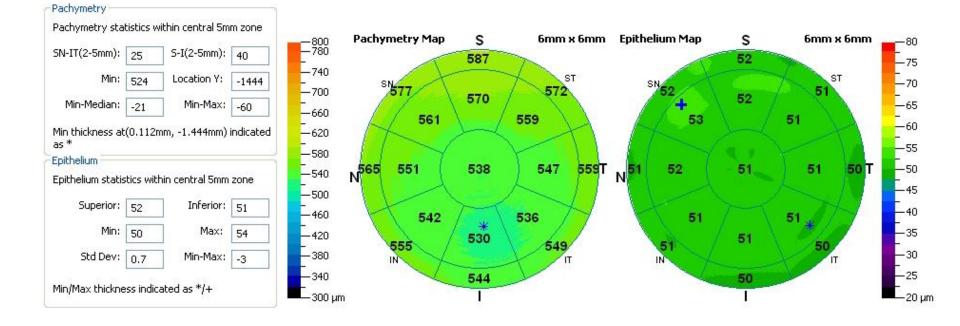
- Two age-matched groups:
 - Keratoconus (group A, n = 250) and Control (group B, n = 155).

We investigated

 – epithelial thickness (average, center, superior, inferior, min, max) are epithelial topographic thickness distribution



How does the Epithelium look in a Normal Patient?



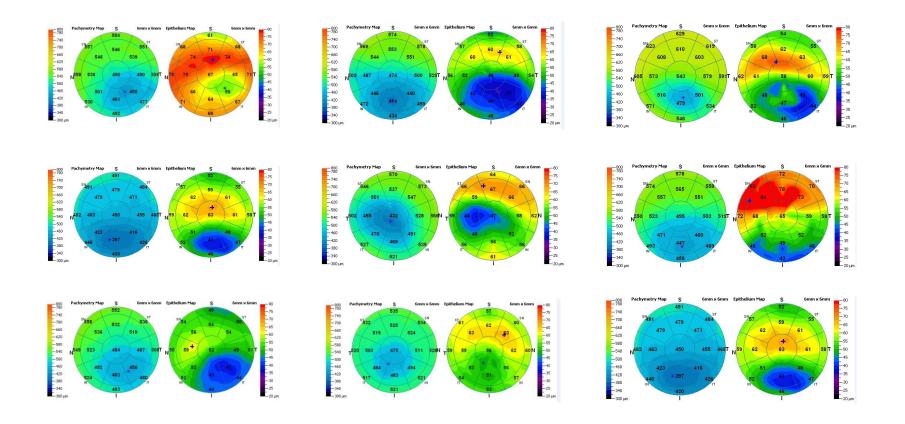
Kanellopoulos AJ, Asimellis G., *In vivo three-dimensional epithelial imaging of corneal epithelium in normal eyes by anterior segment optical coherence tomography: a clinical reference study*. Cornea 2013;32(11):1493-8

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How does the Epithelium look in a Keratoconic Patient?



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Epithelial Characteristics

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5 20 -3 18 Epithelial Topographic Variability (µm) -11 16 Thickness variability 9.80 \pm 0.41 μ m. Epithelial Thickness Range (µm) *** -19 14 -27 12 -35 10 -43 8 -51 6 ⊗ 5.3 -59 4 2 -67 -75 0 Group A (KCN) Group B (Control) Group B (Control) Group A (KCN)

Thickness variability , 1.53 \pm 0.21 μ m.

Topographic Variability (St. deviation of 17 sectors)



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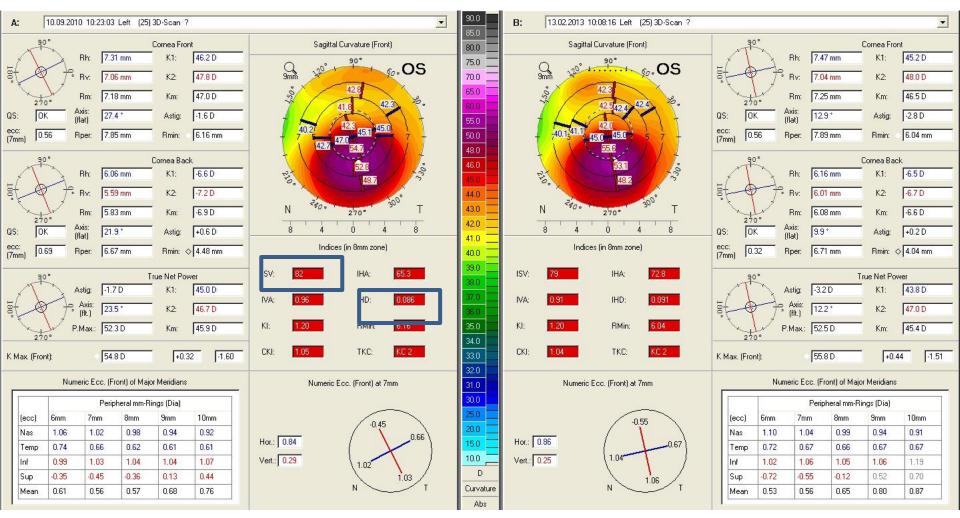
Thickness Range (Max – Min)

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Keratoconus Severity



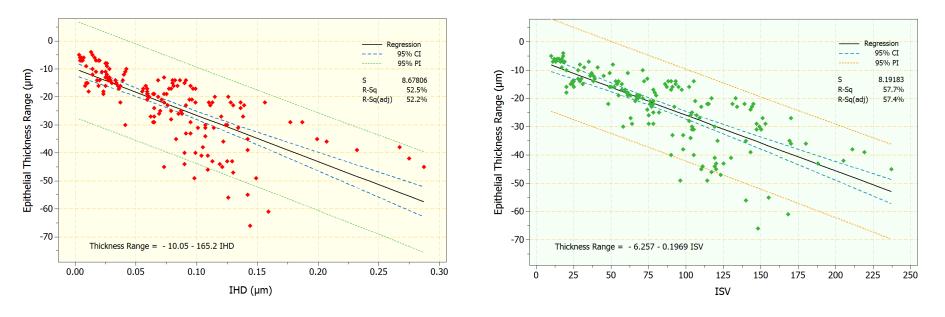
A. John Kanellopoulos and George Asimellis, *Revisiting keratoconus diagnosis and progression classification based on evaluation of corneal asymmetry indices, derived from Scheimpflug imaging in keratoconic and suspect cases.* Clinical Ophthalmology. 2013;7:1539-48

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Correlation with KCN Severity



Correlation with IHD

• Correlation with

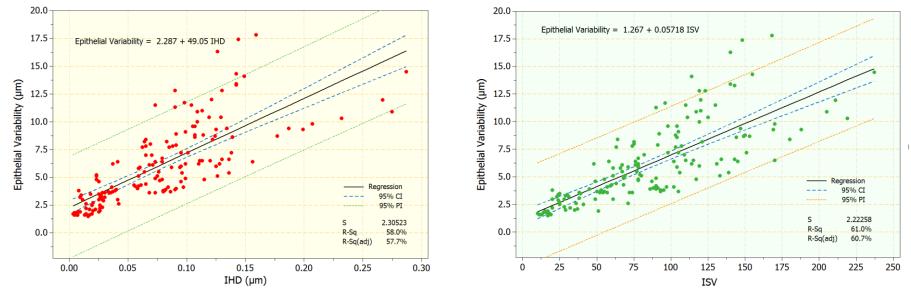
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Correlation with KCN Severity



Correlation with IHD

• Correlation with

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Conclusions

- □ AS-OCT offers ease of use and high predictability of epithelial thickness measurement in keratoconus.
- Overall epithelial thickness in keratoconic eyes, compared to normal was noted, particularly in lower stages of keratoconus.
- Increased topographic thickness variability and range correlated remarkably with keratoconus severity, obtained by established Scheimpflug imaging-derived anterior-surface irregularity indices.





