#### Outcome of Diffractive Multifocal Intraocular Lens Implantation in Pediatric Cataract Surgery



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# Multifocal IOLs in children – For and against

#### □ For –

- nearer to natural vision,
- Sports and other activities not hindered
- young children's activities are mostly at near.
- Avoid problems of bifocal glasses in children

#### Against –

- Clear stable retinal image, necessary for visual development, not possible
- IOL power problems in a growing eye
  - PCO causing loss of centration.



## Our Experience: Pediatric Multifocal IOL

PURPOSE: To evaluate visual outcome of diffractive multifocal IOLs in children □ Total Cases 10 (20 eyes) □ Age: 8 years to 16 years Bilateral Developmental Cataract □ Types of IOL Implanted: AMO Tecnis (10 eyes), Alcon AcrySof (10 eyes)



## RESULTS

Ten children (20 eyes) had an average follow-up of 15.4 +/- 1.7 months. At last follow-up, bestcorrected distance visual acuity improved significantly, 90% of eyes with unaided visual acuity of both 20/30 or better (for distance) and N9 or better (for near).



## **Uncorrected Visual Acuity**





## **Corrected Visual Acuity**





## Our Experience: Pediatric Multifocal IOLs

Most children were happy with their multifocal IOLs and did not need glasses for their routine activities

One child complained of glare, haloes etc.

In carefully selected cases, bilateral multifocal IOLs provide good binocularity of vision



## Piggyback Multifocal IOL in kids

With the availability of Sulcoflex – piggyback, multifocal IOLs, we can now implant a multifocal IOL as a secondary procedure

We implanted the zero power mulitfocal Sulcoflex IOL in 3 cases (separate from the other 20) as a secondary procedure, when the visual recovery was surprisingly good



## Limitations

Growing eye ball Precise biometry and IOL power stability The greater posterior vitreous pressure in children may push the IOL forward, altering the position and power of IOL. It is common for the pediatric capsule to undergo significant fibrosis leading to shifting of the IOL. Avoid cases with dense amblyopia



### CONCLUSIONS

- Results of this pilot study suggest that newergeneration aspheric diffractive multifocal IOLs are suitable for pediatric population older than 8 years.
- Multifocal IOLs have clear advantages in older children and may be a big psychological advantage in older children
- More studies needed to conclusively demonstrate the benefits/ drawbacks of multifocal IOLs in pediatric eyes



#### Take Home Message

The multifocal IOL requires precise biometry and excellent centration in all axes. The surgeon must carefully consider these facts and decide whether their patient is a good candidate for multifocal IOL implantation.

Children less than 8 years of age might not be a good candidate as precise biometry and centration are more difficult to achieve in the younger patient.

